CROWNED HEADS HELPLESS

Common People of Europe, Speakers

Declare, Are Praying for

End of War.

Prominent woman peace advocates

Belligerent Nations Willing.

would have no objections to the call

Although the President will make no

Escorted by Peace Delegates.

their spokeswomen from the Belasc

Theater mass meeting to the White

House and applauded them as they en-

tered and left the executive offices.

About 400 peace delegates went with

day over their plans.

WELCOME NEUTRAL AID

NOSES WHITTLED IN TURK TORTURES

Armenian Women and Children Burned Alive by Moslems, Is Charge.

MEN DIG OWN GRAVES BEFORE THEY ARE SHOT

Whole Families Commit Suicide Rather Than Fall Into Enemy's Hands, Says Viscount Bryce.

LONDON November 27 -Viscount Bryce last night made public the details of further Armenian massacres which, in a letter accompanying them. ne says, "surpass in horror, if that were possible, what has been published

"I feel," his letter continues, "that such crimes ought to be exposed to he utmost, and that the charity other nations will more than ever be drawn to the unhappy refugees when t is know.; what their friends and fellow-countrymen have suffered.' Viscount Bryce says the details con

firm and amplify the ghastly history of deportations by which Armenians In northern and eastern Anatolia were driven to a death of flendlsh cruelty first part of the evidence, he says was received by the committee of in quiry in the United States, and the second part comes from an Armenian gentleman at Bflis, who received it from refugees who escaped from regions where the events happened.

Sufferings Are Terrible.

"The sufferings of the peasants and the mountaineers in the regions of Yan, Mush and Sanun," Viscount Bryce says. "seem to have been terrible. These atrocities were not produced by imagination. After giving the parts of the evidence received from the United States, Viscount Bryce says that the following extracts were taken from his correspondent at Tiflis:

"Toward the end of May Djevdet Bey, the military governor, was expelled from Yan, Djevdet fled southward and

"Toward the end of May Djevdet Bey, the military governor, was expelled from Van. Djevdet fled southward and entered Sairt with some 8,000 soldiers, whom he called butcher battallons. He massacred most of the Christians of Sairt, the details of which nothing is known. On the best of authority, however, it is reported that he ordered his soldiers to burn in the public squares the Armenian bishop, Eglise Vartaved, and the Chaldean bishop, Addai Sher.

Women Distributed.

"June 25 the Turks surrounded the town of Bitlis and cut its communications with neighboring Armenian villages. Ther nost of the able-bodied men were taken away from their women by domiciliary visits. During the following few days al the men under arrest were shot outside the town and buried in deep trenches dug the town and buried in deep trenches dug by the victims themselves. The young women and children were distributed among the rabble. The remainder, the 'useless lot,' were driven to the south, and are believed to have been drowned in the

many Armenians, after firing their last cartridge, either took poison by whole families or killed themselves in their homes in order not to fall into the hands of the Turks.

Head Men Are Tortured.

'It is in such a fashion that the Turks disposed of about 15,000 Ar-menians at Bitlis. At Mush early in July the authorities demanded arms from the Armenians and a large sum ransom of notables of the town The head men of the village were sub sected to revolting tortures. Their finger nails and then their toenails were forcibly extracted; teeth were knocked some cases noses were

Women and Children Burned.

"The ghastly scenes which followed have been confirmed beyond all doubt. The shortest means employed for disthe various camps was by burning. Fire was set to the large wooden sheds than in the past, he said. in Alijan, Mograkom, Khasjogh and

"Many women went mad and threw "Many women went mad and threw knelt down and prayed amid the flamer which were burning their bodies. Others shricked for help, which came from nowhere, and the executioners, who seemed unmoved by this unparalleled savagery, grasped infants by one leg and hurled them into the fire, calling out to the burning mothers, 'Here are your lions."

Prisoners Are Maddened.

horrified and maddened at rememberlesh, they say, permeated the air for

"In the hill country of Sasun the surwiving warriors found themselves sur-rounded at close quarters by 30,000 Turks and Kurds. Then followed one of those desperate, heroic struggles for life which have always been the pride of the mountaineers. Men, women and

> The Star will be glad to have its attention called to any misleading or untrue statement, if such should appear at any time in any advertisement in its col-

Readers are requested to assist in protecting themselves and legitimate advertisers.

BRITISH ARMY WELL PROTECTED AGAINST WINTER FROSTS—OFFICERS IN NEW SHEEPSKIN COATS AND STEEL HELMETS.



THE MEN AND OFFICERS IN THE BRITISH TRENCHES ARE WELL PREPARED FOR THEIR TWO ENEMIES KING FROST AND EXPLODING GERMAN SHELLS. THE PICTURE SHOWS A GROUP OF BRITISH OFFICERS WEARING NEW STEEL HELMETS AND WINTER FUR COATS.

INCREASED ARMAMENT HELD ONLY SAFEGUARD

Sir Edward Carson Sees Injury to International Law by Neutrals' Impotence.

LONDON, November 27 .- Speaking as the guest of honor at the American Luncheon Club, Sir Edward Carson, former attorney general, discussed "the duty of neutrals."

Sir Edward expressed the fear that nternational law had been entirely abolished, or at any rate greatly en croached upon, by the impotence of the neutrals themselves. After acknowledging the introductory speech, which praised him as an Irishman, Sir Edward said:

"I am proud to be an Irishman, but at the same time I am not a hyphenat ed Britisher."

The speaker said he would make no startling revelations, for until recently he Had been a member of the cabinet, at all events a part of it, though just how much of it he never quite knew.

America Greatest Neutral.

Discussing neutrality, Sir Edward

out, and in some cases noses were with some cases anoses were with the social series of the conduct of the cond

Fears for the Future.

The speaker then expressed his fear for the future, since if international may seem incredible, yet these reports law proved futile in this conflict no faith could be put in future conventions. There could only be one safeposing of the women and children in guard for peace-increased armaments

other Armenian villages and these absolutely helpless women and children were roasted to death.

pression of the hope that the United States and Great Britain would be drawn closer together in the interests of civilization and humanity.

BELGIANS ON WAY TO U.S.

ROTTERDAM, November 27 .- About 360 Belgians, mostly women and chil-dren, today boarded the liner Niew Amsterdam to sail for New York. They are bound for Chicago and other districts in the United States, where they "Turkish prisoners who apparently will rejoin their families, from whom witnessed some of these scenes were they have been separated since the beginning of hostilities. They are acing the sight. The odor of burning companied by the Rev. John Deville of Chicago. Every facility was granted these people by the German authorities even in the fighting zone, from which

most of the refugees came.

The steamer also is taking a delegation from the American export chamber of commerce of Amsterdam for the purpose of furthering business relations between the United States and Holland. The representatives of the chamber are the Rev. A. A. Pfanstiehl of Chicago and J. Bendien of Amsterdam.

YOUNGER GENERALS GET **BIG FRENCH COMMANDS**

PARIS, November 27.—The constant efforts of Gen. Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, to keep the higher commands in the charge of men of proved vigor and initiative are exemplified once more by an announcement in the Official Journal that seven division generals and three brigade generals have been transferred to the government."

Mr. London explained that under his plan he would have the insurance for non-employment limited to twelve or fifteen weeks, so as to prevent "loaf-ed themselves in recent operations.

Among the officers retired are Con-

SOCIALIST AND WAR MR. LONDON'S TOPIC

Representative of Party in House Discusses the Subject in Various Phases.

REVEALS HIS PROGRAM IN THE NEXT CONGRESS

Will Concentrate His Energy Upon the Procuring of Legislation for Non-Employment Insurance.

"People are asking why the socialists n Europe did not prevent the great war now waging," said Representative Meyer London of New York, the socialist member of the new House, to-

"I consider the fact that they are asking that question the greatest compilment that could be paid the socialists," continued Mr. London. "It in-dicates that the people considered that the socialists were the only force that could have prevented the war. No one has heard any one ask why did not the churches prevent the war, and yet the churches have been preaching the love of fellowmen for centuries."

Mr. London pointed out that when the question was asked why the socialists did not prevent the war, the next ques tion in sequence was, why should the socialists be regarded as the power to

daith could be put in future conventions. There could only be one safetions. There could only be one safetions and the maintenance of greater armies and the maintenance of greater armies on the past, he said.

Sir Edward concluded with the excuse of defense."

Mr. London said he believed that with the end of the war would come a great wave of sentiment throughout the world against war and against militarism. Military preparedness, he said, he regarded as a menace to peace. As for the United States, he said, he regarded it as impregnable because of its vast industrial resources as well as its isolation from the other powers of the world.

You never heard of a great indus-"You never heard of a great industrial country being conquered," he said. "When Russia, unorganized industrially, met Germany with her complete industrial organization, what could you expect except that Germany should defeat the Russian armies? Success in war today is largely a matter of industrial organization, as has been shown in Europe. With industrial organization in the United States no country could conquer it."

The war in Europe, he said, has caused the demand for preparedness in the United States, the people here fearing they know not what.

Favors Non-Employmen Insurance.

Mr. London intends to centralize his efforts at the coming session of Congress upon legislation for non-employment insurance. He is preparing bill providing for insurance against non-employment which he will introduce in the House. He said he thought it best to bend all his efforts to bring about such an end than to divide his energies among many objects related to the socialist cause. Non-employment insurance, he said, exemplifies the principles of socialism for which he stands.

mselves in recent operations ers" from taking advantage of it, and other evits suffered by miners, none the officers retired are Gen. abstaining from all work and living of its more dangerous and harder to ever-drugs. Drude.

order to encourage the employers to give all the work possible to their em-ployes, and to extend their work, he would have a share of the employers' contribution to the insurance fund re-paid to them if they kept their works

through municipal governments and di

don was elected to Congress from the twelfth congressional district of New York. This was the very district in York. This was the very district of New York City where in 1789 Tammany was organized, and in an unbroken line down to the election of Mr. London. Tammany has sent a representative to Congress fro mthat district.

SAYS AUSTRIANS GAVE

Action of the British.

BERLIN, November 27.—The Austrian

paid to them if they kept their works going and gave the employes work over long periods.

"This non-employment insurance has been tried successfully in Europe," he said. "England has a national non-employment insurance, and though it was started only four years ago, until the war broke out it was working well. In France, Germany, Belgium and other countries on the continent non-employment insurance has worked well for a long time, though it has been operated through municipal governments and di-Although the President will make no announcement regarding the conference with the women, his position is that he has as yet had no word from Europe which would lead him to believe that the time was opportune for him to take any step.

The resolutions were presented to the President by Mme. Rosika Schwimmer of Hungary who was accompanied by visions of the government instead of through a national law."

For Improved System of Economics. Mr. London declared that a new and nore humane system of economics must | talked be evolved in this country. "Under the than half an hour. old economic theories of the standpatters," he said, "labor and its wages are controlled by supply and demand. It has been the custom to regard human labor in the same way as a sack of po-tatoes is regarded."

It is of interest to note that Mr. Lon-

CHANCE TO ESCAPE

Article in German Papers Contrasts

your elbow in my ribs we would soon start fighting to get out. It is the same way with the socialists, who now find themselves at war."

"Never in any previous war have the governments at war insisted that they were engaged in a defensive contest with their enemies alone. Not even in 1870 was this plea made by the governments of France and Germany. But today you find that each of the governments engaged in the war is claiming that it was drawn into the strife in defense against aggression. That is a very significant fact. It shows a great advance. It shows that the people of a nation cannot be carried into an aggression was not expected by the subject of Campaign.

The German object in the submarine campaign, it is stated, is the destruction of property and not of life. It is the practice to grant a delay before sinking a ship upon the assumption that the delay will not be abused by an attack on the submarine.

The meeting yesterday was held under the auspices of the local branch of the auspices of the local branch of the auspices of the local post, wife of the assistant secretary of labor, presided. Among the speakers were Mrs. Philip Snowden, wife of the Finglish parliament; Mme. Rosika Schwimmer of Budapest, Miss Janet Richards, vice president of the local peace party; Louis P. Lockner, secretation was regarded in the Baralong to the boats, permits another craft under the desires.

The meeting yesterday was held under the auspices of the local branch of the desires.

The meeting yesterday was held under the auspices of the local branch of the auspices of the local propose of the Jane and Language of the local propose of the Jane and Schristian Henmick is president. Mrs. Louis Post, wife of the assistant secretary of labor, presided. Among the speakers were Mrs. Philip Snowden, wife of the English parliament; Schwimmer of Budapest, Miss Janet Richards, vice president of the local peace party; Louis P. Lockner, secretation of the local peace party; Louis P. Lockner, secretation of the local peace party; Louis ments.

Didn't Meet as Enemies. Representatives of two of the warring nations—England and Austria Hungary—Mrs. Snowden and Mme

BEGAN LIFE AS COAL MINER Today Is Successful



Clergyman

Clergyman

come, notwithstanding the improved conditions under the inspector system, than the injury to health. The miners spending so much of their time underground, in dampness and dust, causes many to become broken in health long before their time. These conditions cause wasting away of the body, miners' asthma, sore throat, bronchitis and serious throat and lung troubles. To overcome this condition nourishment for the blood and food for the tissues of the body are needed, and Rev. Mr. Matthews says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Father John's Medicine as the best remedy prescribed for the ailments referred to above. Its purity and wholesomeness and nourishing qualities are exactly suited for building up and restoring to health those exposed to the conditions existing in Pennsylvania and for all suffering from miners' asthma, throat and lung troubles, colds, grip and debilitated systems, I have used it in your family with wonderful success."

This old remedy soothes and heals building up and restoring to health those exposed to the conditions existing in Pennsylvania and for all suffering from miners' asthma, throat and lung troubles, colds, grip and debilitated systems, I have used it in your family with wonderful success."

This old remedy soothes and heals building up and restoring to health those exposed to the conditions existing in Pennsylvania and for all suffering in Pennsylvania and for all suffering in Pennsylvania and for all suffering in Pennsylvania and debilitated systems, I have used it in your family with wonderful success."

This old remedy soothes and heals building up and restoring to health those exposed to the conditions existing in Pennsylvania and for all suffering in Pennsylvania and alung troubles, colds, grip and

Schwimmer-forgot for the time that the countries to which they owe allegiance were engaged in a mighty leath struggle, and exchanged courte-les and complimented one another for he common cause for which each is

OVER PEACE PLANS

Tam a German, or, to be more precise, a Hungarian, said Mme. Schwimmer, who attended the International Congress of Women, held at The Hague last summer, but I also am a Christian, and if the crushing of Hungary means the salvation of the world, the end of wars, I am willing to enter the trenches to help crush her. Make-believe spirit, military etiquete, she said, prevented any of the belligerents from making overtures for peace. OVER PEACE PLANS

peace.
"Ultimate peace depends upon you.
At the present time 100,000,000 people
in Europe long for peace and are begging you to bring about peace. The

rulers are powerless."

"I have been told by the crowned heads of Europe," declared the speaker, "that their hearts were breaking for the men in the trenches, but they said, "We cannot act because we do not know how to get out gracefully and therefore we must pretend." When asked what the women could do to end the fore we must pretend. When asked what the women could do to end the war, the rulers replied, 'Get the neutral nations to work for peace, we cannot

Censorship Hinders Peace. Censorship of the press, she said, is tions.

who are behind a movement for a conference of neutral nations to be called peace than anything else. n an effort to end the European war "If the truth were known 100,000 expressed themselves as optimistic tomen, women and children, including the nobility of England, are on their A delegation representing the movement saw President Wilson late yesterday afternoon in an effort to induce him to give it his support, but the President was non-committal. One of the women said afterward, however, that she believed the President was deeply impressed with the information laid before him, adding, "I think you will hear something from the White House before very long."

The women presented resolutions to the President which had been adopted at a mass meeting in the Belasco Theater earlier in the afternoon urging him to call upon neutral nations to appoint delegates to attend a conference having as its object a settlement of the European conflict.

Belligerent Nations Willing. A delegation representing the moveknees at this moment praying for

SEES CARDINAL GIBBONS.

The resolutions declared that envoys sent by the International Congress of Henry Ford Seeks to Interest Prelate Women at The Hague "ascertained from the governments of the belin Peace Ship. ligerent nations of Europe that they

BALTIMORE, Md., November 27. Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer ing of a conference of the neutral na-tions of the world looking to the pos-sible termination of the war." The President was told that the common people of all the nations at war want-

was averse to giving it his formal approval. He said he felt there were too many formidable difficulties in the way to hope for its successful culmination. Mr. Ford asked Cardinal Gibbons to suggest names of prominent persons whose interest he thought could be enlisted, but the cardinal said he preferred o leave that to Mr. Ford's own of Hungary, who was accompanied by Mrs. Ethel Snowden, wife of a member of the British parliament. The callers talked with the President for more

ASKS FOR U. S. CONVOY.

Transatlantic Company Fears Seiz-

The President was informed that Henry Ford of Detroit, here to coperate with the women, had in his possession statements, some of which were signed, from officials in some of the principal countries on both sides of the European war to the effect that they would interpose no objections to the calling of a conference of neutrals to make peace proposals.

Transatlantic Company Fears Seizure of Steamer Winnebago.

NEW YORK, November 27.—The American Transatlantic Company, several of whose steamships have been seized by British warships under suspicion of German ownership, awaits today an answer from Secretary of State Lansachen. to make peace proposals.

Mr. Ford attended the mass meeting at the Belasco Theater, going there direct from the Union station. He made one of the briefest addresses on answer from Secretary of State Lanconvoy its steamer Winnebago to this record; incidentally it was the first port and save ner from capture by speech ever made by Mr. Ford, it is as-serted. He said:

"Out of the trenches by Christmas—never to return. This is my message to peace-loving America."

Say Peace Ship Will Set:

The vessels recently purchased by this company have plied under American registry, but have been listed as "suspected" by the British government.

Say Peace Ship Will Sail.

"No matter what happens, the peace ship will sail," was the statement made by Henry Ford and Mme. Rosika Schwimmer of Hungary today following a conference between them. It was explained that this statement meant that the Ford peace ship would leave New York for Europe whether President Wilson took steps to bring about a peace conference of neutrals or not.

JEWS IN U. S. WILL AID THEIR KIN IN POLAND

Isadore Hershfield Arrives in Berlin to Arrange Relief for War Sufferers.

BERLIN, via London, November 27.-Isadore Hershfield of New York, representing officially Jewish relief societies of America, arrived in Berlin today on a mission of relief for the Jews in the war areas of Poland and Galicia.

Mr Hershfield's first object it is stated, is to arrange means for opening communications between the Jews and friends in America. Large numdropped out of sight through their the interruption of mail communica-

doing more in England to discourage Many friends and relatives in the Many friends and relatives in the United States are said to be in a position to send financial assistance to the distressed ones in the war theater, which in itself will contribute greatly toward solving the problem of relief. Contributions for general relief, however, probably will form the second part of Mr. Hershfield's program.

Confers With Consul General

Mr. Hershfield is conferring with Julius . Lay, American consul general in Berlin, who for several months has been ing broadcast through Poland circulars inviting natives with connections in the United States to write to them through the consulates. The consul general thus the consulates. The consul general thus has a mass of addresses at hand, and has had considerable practical experience with the problem. The American embassy is taking up with the government the question of permission for Mr. Hershfield to go to Poland, which undoubtedly will be granted, though, as a matter of form, it first will be referred to the authorities at Warsaw.

AMERICAN COMMISSION QUITS SALONIKI FOR ITALY

CHALCIS, Greece, November 27 .-Several members of the American sanicalled upon Cardinal Gibbons today to tary commission who have been in pay his respects and outline his plans Serbia have just departed from Sa-

Upon leaving the cardinal Mr. Ford said he was going to Philadelphia, where he had a dinner engagement with John Wanamaker.

BASEL, Switzerland, via Paris, No-said he was going to Philadelphia, tember 27.—The copper roof is being taken from the imperial castle at Donaueschingen, Germany, and will be used in the manufecture of munitions of war. This roof weighs many tons This is not the first time that metal

has been requisitioned from an im perial residence. The emperor's palace in Berlin was visited the latter part in Berlin was visited the latter part of September by the commission haxing in charge the seizure of metal for government use, and a list of the metals at the court was demanded. Empeyor William ordered that all metals not in actual necessary use be seized. It was reported recently that the huge copper roofs of the cathedral at Bremen were being dismantled for military use.

DENIES CARDINAL BEARS GERMAN PEACE TENDERS

BERLIN, November 27 .- "In the forcording to which Germany asks for Overseas News Agency. "This time, it is asserted that the German Cardinal von Hartmann, who is in Rome, is the tiveness of those who professionally disseminate these false reports no doubt is admirable, although the obstinacy with which they repeat the often-denied affirmations after all becomes childish. Cardinal von Hartmann, of course, is not the bearer of these proposals."

Germany to Tax War Profits.

BERLIN, via London, November 27 .-The federal council has adopted a preprofits of joint stock companies and corporations. The measure does not levy a tax. This is left for another bill after the war. The present bill merely requires that companies carry as reserves half the profits earned in making war supplies and invest them separately from the ordinary resources, thus holding them in readiness for the final decision of the government,

Baby Who Lives in a Cage

THE baby's father built the cage and hung the baby out of the window, like a cafront

The father says it's a great idea, and the baby doesn't seem to care.

Sunday Magazine of the Sunday Star

In Anacostia

One Square from Car Line.

JUST WEST OF CHICAGO ST. 2-Story, 6-Room, Brick Dwellings

\$100 CASH. BALANCE, \$21.00 MONTH.

Lots are 130 feet deep-plenty of room for a little garden. Tiled Bath and Cement Front Porch. Open Every Day

> Get off Nichols ave. car at Chicago street. THOMAS J. FISHER & CO., INC., 738 15th St. N.W.

Moses-Built Homes

\$300 Cash; \$35 Monthly

Two very attractive groups of Moses-built homes are available in the pleasant and convenient Petworth section, on Randolph street between 4th and 5th streets northwest, near the Ivy Gate to the Soldiers' Home Park, and at the intersection of Upshur street and Illinois avenue.

of improvement.

space on three porches.

Features in Moses-Built Homes Not Found in Any

Six closets, electric lighted. Five hundred square feet floor

Every room large and cheerful-big windows. Sunken cement garbage receptacle. Brick coal bin receives coal direct from wagon. Brick cold storage vault. Built-in refrigerator,

air over sleeping rooms. There was an average difference of temperature of three degrees between the attic and sleeping rooms of our houses during the month of August.

Lighting fixtures of exclusive designs not found in other houses. Brick columns support rear porches-not wood posts.

A. C. Moses Co.

Woodley Park \$7,750, \$8,000, \$8,250, \$10,000

8, 9 and 10 Rooms, 24 ft. Front. 120 ft. Deep. \$500 Cash: \$55 to \$70 Monthly

Includes All Interest and Curtail.

A beautiful new group of houses has just been completed by the A.C. Moses Company on the west side of 29th st. n.w., a few doors south of Cathedral ave. The location is just beyond the Connecticut Ave. bridge, in one of the most fashionable and desirable residential sections of the city.

Houses in this section range in Houses in this section range in price from \$8,000 to \$100,000.

These houses command beautiful views from both back and front. They are practically at the edge of Rock Creek Park and are on the highest ground that can be found within the city.

The location, attractive as it is is not the least attractive feature. The houses themselves would make any

not the least attractive feature. The houses themselves would make any location better for their presence. A fine group of colonial, well balanced architecture, with no hint of cheapness or poor taste in appearance, these houses mark a distinct advance in home design and building.

advance in home design and building.

Built on lots 24 feet wide and 120 feet deep to a 15-foot paved alley, they contain great, light, comfortable and beautiful rooms, with not a dark corner anywhere. Off the dining room is an inclosed glass room that may be used either as a breakfast room or a conservatory.

A glasg-inclosed sleeping porch on the second floor is fitted with a table-hed—a table by day and a bed by night, Fireplaces are all-marble; electric lights in every closet and a closet for every bedroom, a semi-indirect lighting system, durable as well as beautiful wall paper, a well lighted servant's room.

If you go by street car take any Chevy Chase car to Cathedral aveand walk two short blocks westward to 28th st. or phone us and let us take you out.

916 New York Ave.

See the picture of the baby in the cage in the

Shannon Place

Lincoln Park

Semi-Detached,

\$3,675

Corner, \$4,350

\$200 Cash; \$35 Monthly

Including Curtail and All Interest.

Including Curtail and All Interest.

the intersection of Upshur street and Illinois avenue.

The Randolph street houses range in price from \$4,650 to \$5,500, while the Upshur street and Illinois avenue houses run from \$4,250 to \$5,500.

In either case the terms are \$300 cash and \$35 monthly, including all interest and curtail payments.

payments.

Petworth is one of the most desirable locations of the northwest portion of the city, with its proximity to the beautiful grounds of the Soldiers' Home, good car service and uniformity of improvement.

Including Curtail and All Interest.

In the Lincoln Park section there are only two of the Mosesbuilt homes left.

One is a semi-detached house at 219 14th st. s.e., which may be had for \$3.675.

The other is a corner house at 1372 So. Carolina ave. s.e., and is priced at \$4,350.

Either house may be bought for \$300 cash and \$35 monthly, which includes all interest.

Both houses are unique in their neighborhood, with new and attractive interior plans to which the best architectural thought has been given. The rooms are large and bright, there is ample closet space and, of course, electric lighting and hot-water heating. Spanish tile has been used on the mansard and porch roofs. Other Six-Room House

with back icer. Umbrella clothes dryer. Scientific attic construction avoids accumulation of hot, foul

Easy stairs to electric lighted and floored attic.

Brick work laid like U. S. government work-takes more time and uses twice as much cement mortar as the inferior way-but it's Very deep yards have fine lawns and shade trees.

Main 4031